

Traditionally the analysis of water-soluble vitamins by reversed-phase HPLC has been complicated by the lack of retention for these compounds on conventional silica C18 columns. Other analytical approaches, such as ionpair chromatography, have also failed to yield successful and reproducible results. Here we demonstrate efficient baseline resolution of six water-soluble vitamins in six minutes using a ZirChrom[®]-SAX column. This method can be combined with ZirChrom's ProTain[®] In-Line Protein Removal System for the analysis of these compounds in biological samples.

Introduction

In this application note we focus on the HPLC analysis of Vitamin C and five B-complex vitamins; Vitamin B_1 (thiamine), Vitamin B_2 (riboflavin), Vitamin B_3 (nicotinic acid form), Vitamin B_3 (nicotinamide form), and Vitamin B_6 (pyridoxine). All of these vitamins are water-soluble.

Chromatographers oftentimes struggle in their attempts to analyze water-soluble vitamins by HPLC. Many watersoluble vitamins are very polar. Thiamin (Vitamin B₁), pyridoxine (Vitamin B₆) and ascorbic acid (Vitamin C), for example, show almost no retention on conventional C18 columns. Reversed-phase analytical methods employing ionpair reagents have been offered as a potential solution to this problem, but these methods tend to suffer from column-tocolumn reproducibility problems due to the somewhat unpredictable way ion-pairing reagents interact with the silica surface and the bonded phase.

In this technical bulletin we present a unique method for the analysis of water-soluble vitamins using a ZirChrom[®]-SAX HPLC column. ZirChrom[®]-SAX, an anion exchange material, is polyethleneimine-coated zirconia containing a substantial amount of hydrophobic cross-linker which imparts both ion-exchange and reversed-phase characteristics. The mixed mode retention characteristics of the ZirChrom[®]-SAX column create the unique selectivity ideal for this application (Figure 1).

For the analysis of water-soluble vitamins in serum, or other samples containing biological matrices, we recommend the addition of the ProTain[®] In-Line Protein Removal System; consisting of one guard holder (part# 850-00-2) and a set of three ProTain[®] inserts (part# PT01-0246). Please see technical bulletins #275 and #291 for further information on the use of ZirChrom's ProTain[®] In-Line Protein Removal System.

Water-Soluble Vitamin Analysis on ZirChrom[®]-SAX

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Experimental

Six water-soluble vitamin standards were prepared in an aqueous solution and injected on a ZirChrom[®]-SAX column. The separation conditions are as follows.

Column:	ZirChrom [®] -SAX, 150 x 4.6 mm i.d.
	(part number: ZR06-1546)
Mobile Phase:	50 mM Ammonium dihydrogenphosphate,
	рН 4.5
Flow rate:	1.0 ml/min.
Temperature:	30 °C
Injection Vol.:	5.0 μl
Detection:	UV at 254 nm

The separation is shown in Figure 1. Under these conditions the separation of Vitamin C and the four B-complex vitamins is achieved, with good peak shape and baseline resolution, in 6 minutes.



Figure 1. Analysis of Water-Soluble Vitamins.
1=Thiamine (Vit. B₁), 2=Pyridoxine (Vit. B₆),
3= Nicotinamide (form of Vit. B₃), 4=Riboflavin (Vit. B₂),
5=Nicotinic acid (form of Vit. B₃), 6=Ascorbic acid (Vit. C)

ZirChrom columns combine the high efficiency usually associated with silica columns with complete chemical and thermal stability.

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